Any books in purple are recommended by Pie Corbett.

Nursery - 2 year rolling programme

Green texts traditional tales which must be covered.

Pink texts are recommended to be covered by Pie Corbett.

Cycle A

Sleeping Beauty

Prince Cinders

Snow White

Shhh!

Owl Babies

Night Monkey, Day Monkey

Peace at Last

Can't You Sleep Little Bear?

How to Catch a Star

Aliens Love Underpants

Whatever Next!

Here Come the Aliens

The Tiger Who Came to Tea The Very Hungry Caterpillar Handa's Surprise

The Shopping Basket

The Tiny Seed

Titch

Fran's Flower

How to Grow a Dinosaur

The Three Little Pigs

Goldilocks and the Three Bears

A Squash and a Squeeze

Miss Brick the Builders' Baby

Fox's Socks

Rabbit's nap

Cycle B

Cinderella

Wake up Charlie Dragon Room on the Broom St. George and the Dragon

We're Going on a Bear Hunt
The Train Ride

Brown Bear, Brown Bear What Do You See?

> Are we There Yet? A Year in Percy's Park Harry's Home

The Snail and the Whale

Duck in the Truck We All Go Travelling By Wheels, Wings and Other Things

Dear Zoo

Monkey Puzzle The Other Ark Doing the Animal Bop

The Little Mermaid

The Rainbow Fish Billy's Bucket Commotion in the Ocean Shapes on the Seashore

The Jolly Postman and Other People's

Letters

Mog and the Vee Ee Tee Fireman Fergus Emergency! My Grandpa's Amazing Inventions

The following are to be integrated into the nursery spine as recommended by Pie Corbett:

Come On Daisy

Hairy Maclary From Donaldson's Dairy (YR All about me?)

Hug

Where's Spot

You Choose

Reception Class - 2 year programme

Cycle A

Green texts traditional tales which must be covered.

Pink texts are recommended to be covered by Pie Corbett.

The Gruffalo

Funnybones

Oh No George (MD recommended)

You Be You

Postman Bear

The Nativity

The Night Before Christmas

Rama and Sita

Goodnight Moon

Guy Fawkes

The Jolly Christmas Postman

Polar Bear Polar Bear

Frozen

Stick Man

The Snow Lambs

Jack Frost

The Snowman/The Snowdog

One Snowy Night

Jack and the Beanstalk

Jasper's Beanstalk

How to Grow a Dinosaur

The Tiny Seed

Eddie's Garden

The Ugly Duckling

Little Red Hen

Farmer Duck

Rosie's Walk

On The Way Home

Whatever Next

The Very Hungry Caterpillar

The Very Busy Spider What the Ladybird Heard

The Bad Tempered Ladybird

Superworm

Cycle B

Rosie's Walk

Six Dinner Sid

Owl Babies

The Paper Dolls

Oh, No George

Only One You/You be You

Goldilocks and the Three Bears

Each Peach Pear Plum

Little Red Riding Hood

Jack and the Beanstalk

The Little Red Hen

The Frog Prince

Mr Wolf's Pancakes

Zog

Shhhh!

The Princess and the Wizard Puff the Magic Dragon

Dragon Stew

The Enormous Turnip

The Very Hungry Caterpillar

Supertato

Farmer Duck

Oliver's Vegetables

Superworm Tiny Seed

Handa's Surprise

Dinosaur Roar

Tyrannosaurus Drip

Dear Zoo

Rumble in the Jungle

Monkey Puzzle

The Tiger Who Came to Tea

Pirate Pete

The Pirates Next Door
Pirate Mom

Mr Grumpy's Outing

Tiddler

Sharing a Shell

Rainbow Fish

Green Texts traditional tales which must be covered.

The following are to be integrated into the reception spine as recommended by Pie Corbett: Mrs Armitage On Wheels (transport?)

Year 1

There's a bear on my chair by Ross Collins - (Good for Yr1 phonics)

Well Loved-Stories

Percy the Park Keeper Yr1

Where The Wild Things Are Yr1

Cops and Robbers Yr1

Dogger Yr1

The Tiger Who Came To Tea Yr1

Avocado Baby Yr1

Peace at Last Yr1

Elmer Yr1

Traditional Tales/ Fairy Tales

Jack and the Beanstalk Yr1

Cinderella Yr1

Hansel and Gretel (Not Anthony Browne Book) Yr1

Rapunzel Yr1

Contemporary picture books

The Polar Express Yr1

The Kiss that Missed Yr1

Lost and found Yr1

Beegu Yr1

Good Little Wolf (MD recommended) Yr1 Click Clack Moo (MD recommended) Yr1 The Elephant and the Baby Yr1 Knuffle Bunny Yr1

The Really Disgusting Sandwich (MD recommended) Yr1 Katie Goes to London-James Mayhew Yr1&2

Short Story Writing

Yr1 'The Sheep and the Goat' by Pie Corbett

Non-fiction
See Inside London Yr1&2

Beginning History - the Great Fire of London Yr1&2

'Dangerous' by Tim Warnes (Labels and Captions)

<u>Year 2</u>

Classic Tales

Winnie The Pooh Yr2 Paddington Bear Yr2 Beatrix Potter Yr2

Well Loved- Stories

The Owl who Was Afraid of the Dark Yr2

Fantastic Mr Fox Yr2

The Jolly Postman Yr2

The Hodgeheg Yr2 Willa and Old Miss Annie Yr2 Flat Stanley Yr2

Katie Morag series Yr2

Amazing Grace Yr2
Flat Stanley Yr2
Frog And Toad Together Yr2
The Giraffe And The Pelly And Me Yr2

Traditional Tales/ Fairy Tales

Little Red Riding Hood Yr2

The Elves and the Shoemaker Yr 2 Rumpelstiltskin Yr2 Lilia and The Secret of Rain Yr2

Contemporary picture books

The Lighthouse Keepers Lunch series Yr2
Harvey Slumfenburger's Christmas Present Yr2

25 December Lane Yr2

The Mousehole Cat Yr2

Katie Goes to London-James Mayhew Yr1&2

Meercat Mail Yr2

Gorilla Yr2

Dr Xargle's Book of Earthlets Yr2

Emily Brown And The Thing Yr2

The Flower Yr2

Not Now Bernard Yr2

Pumpkin Soup Yr2

Wolves - Emily Gravett Yr2

Walk with a Wolf Yr2

Who's Afraid Of The Big Bad Book Yr2

Traction Man is Here Yr2

The Tear Thief

Short Story Writing

Yr2 'Staying Out' by Pie Corbett

Yr2 The Papaya That Spoke

Non-fiction

See Inside London Yr1&2

Beginning History - the Great Fire of London Yr1&2

Year 3

Novels

Ice Cat by Linda Newberry

The Abominables by Eva Ibbotson

The Battle of Bubble and Squeak by Philippa Pearce

The Lion, The Witch and The Wardrobe by C.S. Lewis

The Iron Man by Ted Hughes

The Sheep Pig by Dick King-Smith

Stone Age Boy by Satoshi Kitamura

Robin Hood- myths and legends

Matilda by Roald Dahl- stories with familiar settings

Grandpa Chatterji by Jamila Gavin (story from another culture)

Collection of short stories- native American literature (topic - stories from other cultures)

The Twits (script)-playscripts

The Butterfly Lion by Michael Morpurgo- free choice novel

Short Story Writing

'Poppy, Waldo and the Giant' by Pie Corbett

Elf Road by Pie Corbett (Use with The Lion, The Witch and the Wardrobe as a portal story)

Poems

Magic Box by Kit Wright

or

The Night Mail by W.H. Auden

The Sound Collector by Roger McGough

Please Mrs Butler by Alan Ahlberg

Visual Literacy Film

Oktapodi (Literacy Shed)

https://www.literacyshed.com/the-fun-shed.html

Picture books

Into The Forest by Anthony Browne Handsel and Gretel by Anthony Browne

The Tunnel by Anthony Browne

Non-Fiction

Use writing Models year 3 by Pie Corbett

Year 4

Novels

Bill's New Frock by Anne Fine

Charlotte's Web by E.B. White

Perry Angel's Suitcase by Glenda Millard

The Firework Maker's Daughter by Philip Pullman

The Snow-Walker's Son by Catherine Fisher

Why the Whales Came by Michael Morpurgo

Street Child by Berlie Doherty

Malamander by Thomas Taylor

Journey to Jo'burg by Beverley Naidoo

The Great Kapok Tree: A Tale of the Amazon Rain Forest by Lynne Cherry

Short Story Writing

'The Caravan' by Pie Corbett

Poems

The Jabberwocky by Lewis Carrol

Poems Aloud: An anthology of poems to read out loud by Joseph Coelho

Visual Literacy Film

The Monk and the Fish.

Picture book

Tuesday by David Weisner

Zoo by Anthony Browne

Non-Fiction

Use writing Models year 4 by Pie Corbett

Year 5:

Novels

Kensuke's Kingdom by Michael Morpurgo Brightstorm by Vashti Hardy Wolf Brother by Michelle Paver My Friend Walter by Michael Morpurgo

Midnight Fox by Betsy Byars

The Fastest Boy in the World by Elizabeth Laird

One Dog and His Boy by Eva Ibbotson

The Voyage of the Sparrowhawk by Natasha Farrant

The Boy at the Back of the Class by Onjali Q. Rauf (good for acceptance)

Varjak Paw by S.F. Said Use Zelda Claw as model text - see Yr5 notes below.

Short Story Writing

'Kidnapped' by Pie Corbett

Poems

The Highwayman by Alfred Noyes

The Works chosen by Paul Cookson
Read Me 1 chosen by Gaby Morgan
Plum by Tony Mitton
Catalysts: Poems for Writing by Pie Corbett

Picture book

Hurricane by David Wiesner Voices in the Park by Anthony Browne The Rules of Summer by Shaun Tan Journey by Aaron Becker

Non-Fiction

Use writing Models year 5 by Pie Corbett

Year 6

Clockwork by Philip Pullman

Holes by Louis Sachar

Cogheart by Peter Bunzl

Jungle Book by Rudyard Kipling (Rikki Tikki Tavi)

Listen to the Moon by Michael Morpurgo

Letters From The Lighthouse by Emma Carroll

The Island at the End of Everything or The Girl of Ink and Stars by Kiran Millwood Hargrave

Short Story Writing

'The Old Mill' by Pie Corbett

Fowler's Yard and Little Vixen Street - use as model text to link with Cogheart.

Poems

Walrus and the Carpenter by Lewis Carrol

The Works Key Stage 2 Pie Corbett

Catalysts: Poems for Writing by Pie Corbett

Visual Literacy Film

Flatlife

Picture books

Tales from Outer Suburbia by Shaun Tan

The Arrival by Shaun Tan

The Lost Thing by Shaun Tan

Non-Fiction

Use writing Models year 6 by Pie Corbett Dragonology edited by Dugald Steer

Year Group	Notes
N	The books that I have chosen are almost all very repetitive and rather like songs! This makes them easier for children to join in with so that the experience of reading becomes interactive and the children begin to learn the story as they are read to. In each book there will be much to discuss so that the children understand the vocabulary as well as what is happening. All of the books have pictures, which support the text but also compliment and add to it. It is important to discuss the pictures and what is happening in them as much as the text. After a while, the children will get to know each story word for word, which can give great confidence to early readers in terms of fluency when reading.
N	Where's Spot? Eric Hill (Puffin) Both this book and Dear Zoo work on the same principle of involving the child in the act of reading by using flaps so that the process becomes interactive. Both books can be used to create new versions by hiding a different animal under homemade flaps. Use the game of 'hide and seek' when playing.
N	Dear Zoo Rod Campbell (Puffin) This book is a gateway into learning about different animals. The repetition of 'so' will add a new conjunction to a child's repertoire. Discuss the reasons for sending the animals back – heavy, fragile, tall, dangerous, fierce, grumpy, 'with care', scary, naughty, jumpy and perfect. Use masks or toys or puppets and involve the children in the story, playing different parts.
N	You Choose Pippa Goodhart and Nick Sharratt (Random House) This classic book is good to share many times, especially working closely with a few children so they can look at the pictures and choose. Invite children to make collections – organising toys or objects into different categories. Play sorting games – by size, colour, shape or type. Use the book many times to choose a main character, a setting, an animal or object. Use these selections then to make up simple stories. The book can be used endlessly for this as the combinations are almost infinite!.
N	We're Going on a Bear Hunt Michael Rosen (Walker Books) Learn the story orally, map it and act it out outside. Ask: Why does the writer say 'we're not scared' at the very start of the story? Who is scared? Talk about how everyone feels at different points. Ask: Was the bear angry or did he just want a friend? Look at the different places and invent other onomatopoeic phrases (swishy swashy). Draw a new map, perhaps of the local area, and create a new version. Act or sing the new version, with costumes or puppets and film it for parents.
N	Brown Bear, Brown Bear, What Do You See? Bill Martin Jnr and Eric Carle (Windmill Books) Read, enjoy and let children join in until they know the story. Leave copies around so they can 'play at reading'. Discuss what else the animals might hear, touch, taste or see. Ask: How do the different colours make you feel? Which is your favourite? Create a different version of the story for other animals that the children know, such as a cat or dog. Create tissue collages using primary colours or bold paintings of animals. Also, read Polar Bear, Polar Bear, What Do You Hear? by the same authors.
N	Jasper's Beanstalk Nick Butterworth and Mick Inkpen (Hodder) This story makes a neat precursor to The Very Hungry Caterpillar as it shows how to make up a simple story by repeating the days of the week and describing what happens on each day. Ask: Who is Jasper and what is a beanstalk? Read this in

	the Spring when you can grow some beanstalks – and tell the children the slightly scary story of 'Jack and the Beanstalk'. Discuss what happens at the end of this story – and then decide with the children what happens to Jasper at the top of the beanstalk!
N	The Very Hungry Caterpillar Eric Carle (Puffin) Share until the children know the story well. Ask: Who is 'Christa'? Discuss the idea of the author/artist making the book for someone else. Create collages of the moon at night, leaves and trees. Notice the alliteration (light/ little/ lay/ leaf) and the introduction of another conjunction 'but'. Ideal for getting a sense of days of the week, different fruit (bring in a selection) and growing! Of course, some of this work might best be done in the spring/summer when you can hatch out butterflies or at least see some outside! Paint huge, vibrant butterflies.
Z	Hairy Maclary from Donaldson's Dairy Lynley Dodd (Puffin) Read this story many times with everyone joining in and savouring the rhymes. Ask: Which is the favourite dog? Who is the least favourite? Try inventing other similes instead of 'as big as a horse', for example, 'as big as a car'! Collect and list rhyming words. Play games to hear which words rhyme and which do not. Talk about names that we give pets.
N	Each Peach Pear Plum Allan and Janet Ahlberg (Puffin) Read together and look carefully at each picture. Tell the class the stories or rhymes behind each of the characters. Make sure that the story books are available for the children to look at. Chant the book together and try inventing a rhythmic clap as a chorus between each page. Provide puppets or costumes and objects from the stories for play.
N	Hug Jez Alborough (Walker Books) In this book there are of course lots of the different animals to name, but it is also important to let the children tell you how the monkey and the other animals feel and what they might be thinking. Get some sticky notes in the shape of speech bubbles and add in what characters might say or think. Avoid the temptation to tell the children! Make masks and play at the story — use toys or puppets to re-enact. Try making up the whole story with the class, write this up and turn it into a Big Book. The theme of losing a mother also features in Come on, Daisy! and in the Reception book Owl Babies.
Z	The Train Ride June Crebbin (Walker Books) Ideally, take the children on a train! If not, then use film and toys. Ask: Who has been on a car or bus journey? Where did you go and what did you see? Who is the lady with the child? What is the town and what is the countryside? There is plenty to discuss in the story – animals, meadows, hills, farms, tractors, tickets, tunnels, the seaside, lighthouse and sand. Ask: Why are they travelling to Gran's? Bring in a mirror so that everyone can see themselves. Make seaside small worlds using sand and water. Change the story and have a child coming from the country into the city and ask: What would they see? Lay out a train track.
n	Come on, Daisy! Jane Simmons (Orchard Books) Some children might have noticed by now the question marks in certain book titles and here we are now with an exclamation mark as well! Start with the cover. Ask: Who is speaking, to whom and what might it mean? What do you think will happen in the story? Why must Daisy stay close? Talk about: 'I'll try'. Track Daisy's feelings. Emphasise the 'but' construction when reading with children joining in. Ask: Are the dangers real? What is the book about? What is it telling us to do when we go out with Mum or Dad?
R	The books for the 4–5 age group build on the Nursery selection. They still mainly use patterned language, but begin to have a stronger emotional connection with the reader. There is also plenty to discuss and to wonder about. Many of them lend themselves to retelling and creating new versions or further adventures featuring the same characters.

R	Owl Babies
	Martin Waddell (Walker Books) By now children should be familiar with the conventions of books such as cover, author, page-
	turning, as well as terms such as word, letter, full stops/capital letters, title, story and so on.
	Draw the distinction between the person who wrote the book and the artist. There is plenty for
	the children to discuss, especially the graded reactions of the three baby owls. Martin Waddell
	talks about getting the idea for the book from hearing a lost child in a supermarket crying, 'I want my Mummy'. This is a great book about basic feelings and comfort. Draw, paint or make
	huge owls. Make owl masks and act the story out as it is being told.
R	The Gruffalo
	Julia Donaldson (Macmillan)
	Everyone loves this book! Read and re-read it until the story is in the children's heart forever.
	Ask: Why do the animals ask the mouse to come to their houses? Why does the mouse tell the animals about the Gruffalo? How is mouse really clever? Why is the Gruffalo 'bursting with
	laughter'? Map the story to see the pattern and retell with plenty of actions. Use puppets/finger
	puppets to retell the tale. Make a Gruffalo den/corner. Paint an enormous Gruffalo picture.
R	Handa's Surprise
	Eileen Browne (Walker Books)
	This is another picture book, like <i>Rosie's Walk</i> , in which the pictures say more than the words.
	Make the effort to buy the fruit to show the children. Draw or paint the animals and fruit. Retell the story and act it out, using a wallpaper map. Change the animals and fruit to invent a new
	version. Discuss what we know about Kenya from the story.
R	Mr Gumpy's Outing
	John Burningham (Bloomsbury)
	Another cumulative tale that can easily be used to make your own version. Ask: What happens when everyone comes 'for a ride another day'? Use a roll of sturdy lining paper and draw a long
	map. Use this to draw the different animals and write what they say inside speech bubbles.
	Ask: Who in the story is naughty? Should Mr Gumpy have been more sensible? This is a lovely
	story to chat about and play at. Provide the toy animals or puppets and a floor map.
R	Rosie's Walk
	Pat Hutchins (Random House) This is a glover book. The reading it to the children without leaking at the pictures. Then show
	This is a clever book. Try reading it to the children without looking at the pictures. Then show the book and enjoy the slapstick. Ask: <i>Is Rosie clever or is the fox silly?</i> Pick up on any design
	or pattern that interests the children and imitate with crayons or paints. Draw the map, notice
	the prepositions and create new journeys with a fierce animal following!
R	Six Dinner Sid
	Inga Moore (Hodder)
	It would be worth talking about pets and the vet before starting the story. Then read and enjoy the beautiful art work. Make the houses out of cardboard boxes and play at the story. Ask: <i>Why</i>
	would the cat want six dinners? Why don't the neighbours talk to each other? Discuss the six
	different characters and then invent new ones, using alliteration, such as: As Clive he was
	curious Hold pretend phone calls between the vet and the owners about their cat, and then
	make up what the owners would say to each other about Sid! Ask: How are the people in Pythagoras Street different and why was this better?
R	Mrs Armitage
	Quentin Blake (Random House)
	Oh, the joy of Mrs Armitage! Make sure that you bring a real bike into the classroom! Read and
	all chant the story together. Discuss the pictures and words. Draw a huge basic bike and add
	extra ideas like Mrs Armitage. Recreate the bike in the classroom by starting with a chair and
	then add on all the things that are in the story. Finally, add sound effects and perform the story. Ask: What might be added to the roller skates?
R	Whatever Next
, , ,	Jill Murphy (Macmillan)
	Show the inside title page. Ask: What sort of character will the bear
	be? The story is an obvious invitation to wonder 'how could we make
	a rocket, where would we travel and who would we meet?' Such play could lead to new versions of the story ('You and your stories. Whatever
	next?'). Ask: Did Baby Bear really travel to the moon? Where did the
	story take place?
R	On the Way Home
	Jill Murphy (Macmillan)
	Look carefully at the front cover and ask: What do we think is going to

	happen in the story? Act the story out with children taking the different roles. Ask: Why doesn't Claire tell the truth? Why does she cry at the end? Notice how each mini story fits the basic story mountain pattern — main character, dilemma, resolution. With the class create your own versions, map, retell and write.
R	Farmer Duck Martin Waddell (Walker Books) This is basically Animal Farm for five-year-olds. Compare the inside cover spread at the front with the back – and the cover – what do they think is going to happen? Then look at the inner title page for more clues. Act out the animals meeting. Tell the story of what the farmer did next. Ask: What did the animals say? Did they all set to work? Set up a farm area for play. Write messages to the farmer!
R	Goodnight Moon Margaret Wise Brown (HarperCollins) What other stories have a moon in them? (Owl Babies, Where the Wild Things Are, Can't You Sleep Little Bear?). Make a list of all the things in your classroom and say: In the classroom there was a clock, chair, a sand tray, a computer and lots of tables. Then say good night to all these things and extend each idea – present this as a list poem. For example: Goodnight clock that ticks. Goodnight chair where we can sit. Goodnight sand tray where we play each day. This is a gentle and comforting story for the end of the day. Let children take it in turns to read or tell the story in a role-play area to a baby – and NOT just the girls. Let them learn to be comfortable with a book at an early age.
R	Shhh! Sally Grindley (Bloomsbury) This amazing book is very good for sharing with parents, as the way the book is written demonstrates to parents how to read with their child. Read, join in and enjoy the story many times. Look for clues about what is on the next page and look carefully at each page as there is plenty to notice and comment upon. Think about how the characters feel. Tell the story of Jack and his visit to a giant's castle.

Notes and Ideas for Key Texts - KS1

Year Group	Notes
1	The picture books in Year 1 offer deeper exploration of emotions and wonder. They are mainly rooted in the everyday crises of life. Again, most of these books lend themselves to setting up a variety of play situations – using toys, costumes and puppets – but the children also need to be involved in careful reading of the books, paying close attention to the detail and entering imagined worlds to experience the stories deeply – then talking it all through.
1	Can't You Sleep Little Bear? Martin Waddell (Walker Books) Follow both bears and talk about what they feel or are thinking. Ask: Is Little Bear really trying to go to sleep? How does Big Bear comfort Little Bear? Re-read this book many times, as it is about comfort and feeling safe.
1	Where the Wild Things Are Maurice Sendak (HarperCollins) Look at the cover. Ask: What might happen? Who is creating mischief? What really happened in Max's room that night? Create a 'Wild Things' dance – 'be still' and then 'let the wild rumpus begin'. Make masks for the dance and music to accompany the movement. Create large monster paintings. Ask: What are the monsters and why does Max send them to bed? What do you think his parents are like?

1	The Elephant and the Bad Baby Elfrida Vipont and Raymond Briggs (Puffin) This wonderful cumulative tale has been around for almost 50 years. Enjoy the story with everyone joining in. Ask: Is the baby really a 'bad' baby? Draw long maps so that the children can see the story pattern. Act the story out for an assembly. Retell the tale, visiting different places (perhaps local to you) and with different characters. Ask: What other book has a similar ending where they all go home for tea? (Mr Gumpy).
1	Avocado Baby John Burningham (Bloomsbury) Of course, start with a discussion about babies – and bring in an avocado for tasting (marvel at the huge seed and plant it). Enjoy the ridiculous humour (the Popeye theme) and talk about being strong and weak. Ask: What do you think the baby will do next? Watch the bullies get their come-uppance! Create new stories based on the same idea featuring babies that will only eat one food and gain a superpower, such as a 'Banana Baby' that can fly!
1	The Tiger Who Came to Tea Judith Kerr (HarperCollins) Role-play the scene where Daddy returns and they tell him the story of what happened when the tiger came to tea. Ask: What can you spot in the scene in which the family is walking to the café? (A cat appears that looks like the tiger.) Apparently, the tiger never came again – but retell the story of when a different animal came to tea! Create a collage of an enormous tiger.
1	Lost and Found Oliver Jeffers (HarperCollins) Tell the children some things about penguins and about a 'lost and found office'. Then, read and enjoy this strange tale. Ask: What interests you in the tale? Why does the penguin follow the boy? Role play the scene in which they go to the office. Ask: What is 'disappointment'? Tell stories to the penguin – make a boat in the class and provide a cuddly penguin to tell stories to and 'talk about wonderful things'. Ask: Why is the penguin sad when they reach the South Pole? What was the 'big mistake'?
1	Knuffle Bunny Mo Willems (Hyperion Books) Yet another story about loss, but this time it is the loss of a cuddly bunny and not a mother (Dogger has a similar plot). The key to the story involves knowing what an 'errand' and a 'Laundromat' might be! The inside title page provides some interesting background detail worth discussing. Discuss the moment of realisation. Ask: Why doesn't Dad understand and what advice would you give him? Why is it that Mum understands immediately? Practise going 'boneless' and showing Trixie's emotions with just your faces! Collect baby, family or made-up class words. Ask: How do you think the images were created? (Ink sketches and digital photography.) Try the same technique!
1	Beegu Alexis Deacon (Random House) Read slowly and give time for children's spontaneous comments. Re-read and track the ups and downs of what happens and what Beegu feels and might be thinking. Role play conversations between the characters that Beegu meets and a new character, explaining what happened. Role play conversations between Beegu's parents. Write letters from Beegu to the children and from the children to Beegu. Ask: What would Beegu want to know or be interested in? Create small worlds or larger areas into which a Beegu/ET character arrives and tries to make friends.
1	Dogger Shirley Hughes (Random House) This is a classic and necessary picture book for infants. It is about sacrifice or giving things up for other people to make them feel OK – though the moral doesn't need spelling out as the children will instinctively understand this truth. Obviously, this does however call for a big talk about special cuddly toys, mementoes and objects. Bring in your own cuddly toy! Track and discuss the ups and downs of the characters – Bella, Dave, Mum and Dad and of course the little girl. Everyone is feeling different! Ask: What would you say to Bella? Write a thank you letter from Dave to Bella.
1	Cops and Robbers

	Alan and Janet Ahlberg (Puffin) Draw the street map that appears in the book. Collect a box of the missing toys. Read in conjunction with Burglar Bill (Puffin). Read and chant together the story many times. You will need many copies of the book for the children to spot and talk about all the details in the drawings. Quite a lot of vocabulary will need discussing – from crowbars to truncheons! Create huge WANTED posters. Get a plastic helmet for play and for reading the story in role as Officer Pugh!
1	Elmer David McKee (Andersen Press) After reading the book ask the children: What is the best thing about Elmer? Why is Elmer feeling worried? Were the animals really laughing because he was different? In what way was Elmer different? How do we feel different? This book offers plenty to discuss. Draw the outline of large elephants and design a multi-coloured patchwork Elmer with tissue paper, felt, paint, crayons or different materials, using squares or triangles or rectangles or other patterns.
2	In Year 2, it is important to start to move from sharing picture books into sharing chapter books. These will not only provide a meaty read, but also demand that the children use their imagination. Of course, there are also many Reception and Year 1 children who will sit and enjoy a chapter book and this should form part of their reading experience. Many of the chosen books operate on different levels - from the satisfaction of good stories to the exploration of deeper themes.
2	Traction Man is Here Mini Grey (Random House) With the class read the pictures carefully, looking for details. Discuss together any difficult words. Re-read a number of times and talk about how the characters feel. Bring into school other kitchen equipment and encourage children to invent further adventures for Traction Man and Scrubbing Brush. Ask: Are the adventures real? Who made them up? Design Traction Man adverts or invent a new superhero or heroine.
2	Traction Man is Here Mini Grey (Random House) With the class read the pictures carefully, looking for details. Discuss together any difficult words. Re-read a number of times and talk about how the characters feel. Bring into school other kitchen equipment and encourage children to invent further adventures for Traction Man and Scrubbing Brush. Ask: Are the adventures real? Who made them up? Design Traction Man adverts or invent a new superhero or heroine.
2	Meerkat Mail Emily Gravett (Macmillan) Begin by finding out a bit about meerkats and the other animals, such as jackals. Watch meerkats on film with the class. Invite the children to write a newspaper article about Sunny's visit to one of the places in the book. Encourage them to write postcards from other visits that he made. Together draw a map of the story. Also, read Wolves (Macmillan) and Little Mouse's Big Book of Fears (Macmillan).
2	Amazing Grace Mary Hoffman (Frances Lincoln) With the class tell or read the stories mentioned: Joan of Arc, Anansi, The Wooden Horse, Hannibal, Treasure Island, Hiawatha, Mowgli, Aladdin and Dick Whittington. Ask: What sort of person is Grace? Where are the clues? In the story, are Raj and Natalie right? Which is the most important line in the story? (Possibly 'you can be anything'.)
2	Pumpkin Soup Helen Cooper (Corgi) Read and enjoy the images and story. Ask the children: What causes the argument and who was right? Discuss how Cat and Squirrel's feelings change. Ask: When are they happiest and why? In role as Duck, tell the story of what happened when you left the Pumpkin. Also, with the class set the story to music, perform and dance with costumes and chant or sing with a dramatic chorus.

2	Who's Afraid of the Big Bad Book? Lauren Child (Orchard Books) Before reading this book it is essential to know the stories of Goldilocks, Rapunzel, Dick Whittington and Cinderella – so start by retelling these stories or some of the wit will be lost! Having really discussed the book, encourage the children to try falling 'into a book' and becoming a character in a well-known fairy tale, but then alter what happens. Take photos, enlarge and copy these for the children. Then, ask the children to draw characters and objects onto the photos, using Lauren Child's collage technique. Dr Xargle's Book of Earthlets Tony Ross (Andersen Press) Read and enjoy – then discuss the funny bits. Ask: What makes them amusing? As a class collect some of the strange words that Dr Xargle uses and give them definitions, such as 'eggmangle', 'earthlet', 'hairdo of a sheep'. Ask: What other strange things might aliens not understand if they came to earth? Together make a little book of such misunderstandings.
2	Not Now Bernard David McKee (Andersen Press) Re-read a number of times and then discuss the parents, the child and the monster. Ask: Who in the story is naughty? Are the parents ignoring the child or is he choosing the wrong moment? Are they too busy? Are they kind parents? What does the monster stand for? When do we feel or behave like monsters? Let the children take it in turn to role play being Mum and Dad and talk about what has happened in the kitchen!
2	The Flower John Light (Child's Play) Before reading ask the class: From the cover what might the book be about? How do the city people feel at the start of the book? Pause on the page in the library and see what the children notice. Ask: Why might books be dangerous? Why might a book be labelled 'do not read'? Discuss the two books mentioned in the border: 'Jack and the Beanstalk' and Alice in Wonderland. Ask: What do they have in common and how do they differ? Why were they chosen? Stop where Brigg is reading the book and discuss what the book is about. Ask: Why does he read it in secret? Then read straight through and discuss the theme again at the end of the book.
2	Gorilla Anthony Browne (Walker Books) Read through the story and discuss. Re-read and look more carefully at the pictures. With the class make a list of strange things. Discuss the Dad and the Girl. Ask: What do they want? Talk about their relationship. Ask: Who is the gorilla? If you had to say what the book was about in one word, what word would you choose? Which is the most important picture and why?
2	Emily Brown and The Thing Cressida Cowell (Orchard Books) I would start this by bringing in a 'cuddly' and discussing why they are so important! Also, provide other 'Emily Brown' books for free reading, including That Rabbit Belongs to Emily Brown (Orchard Books). On the first reading, stop on the page where Emily asks, What's really the matter? and predict. Re-read and discuss the challenging vocabulary – provide pictures and relate words to children's own experiences, listing synonyms. Tell a story that Emily might have told the witches and discuss the use of the font changes. Discuss what the story is about – especially the end. With the class make lists of nice/scary things and write as list poems.
2	Frog and Toad Together Arnold Lobel (HarperCollins) Each of the five stories is a little gem. Here are some simple ideas for each tale: 1. Prepare model making lists with the class of what needs to be done and have children make 'job lists'. 2. Grow seeds: choose stories, poems, songs and play music for the seeds. 3. Bake cookies and discuss the need for 'will power'. 4. List brave characters for stories and discuss what it means to be brave. 5. What does the dream story mean?

	Finally, ask: What do the stories tell us about the different characters of Frog and Toad? Read through and list clues. Ask: Why would they make good friends? Which is your favourite story and why? Also, read Frog and Toad are Friends (HarperCollins).
2	The Owl Who Was Afraid of the Dark Jill Tomlinson (Puffin) List and discuss fears about the dark saying: you are only afraid of the dark because you don't know about it. Role play Plop talking with the different characters. Write a letter to Plop to persuade him that the dark is actually friendly. Use an image of an owl (or the real thing if available) and draw in your 'nature sketch book'. Ask: How has Plop changed by the end? Write list poems about the dark. Find out about other nocturnal animals and create constellations. Paint and create owl collages and masks. Revisit Owl Babies (Walker Books).
2	The Giraffe, the Pelly and Me Roald Dahl (Puffin) This is a meaty read. Begin by finding out a bit about giraffes, pelicans and monkeys. Invite the class to write adverts for 'The Ladderless Window Cleaning Company' and invent names for new sweets. Discuss the final song and its meaning. Draw 'The Grubber'. Ask: What dreams would you have? Learn, sing (or chant) and perform the various songs with the class. (See the Read & Respond title for further ideas.)
2	Fantastic Mr Fox Roald Dahl (Penguin) Before reading, it might be worth finding out a little about foxes. Draw the three farmers and collect information/quotes about them from the book. Re-read and savour the great writing in Chapter 3. Invite children to write letters to the farmers from the crowd at the end of chapter 7. Before reading Chapter 9 ask: What do you think Mr Fox's plan will be? Pause in Chapter 12 and ask: Are the other animals right? Pause in Chapter 14 and ask: Is stealing right in this case? Discuss with the children whether farmers should shoot foxes. Then with the class role play the conversation between the farmers at the end.
2	The Hodgeheg Dick King-Smith (Puffin) Introduce the book by showing film/images of hedgehogs and discussing the problem they have with roads! Make a list of rules about crossing the road for Max. Ask: What advice would you give Max about crossing the road? Write sentences that swap over words and letters. Role play a family discussion about Max's condition in Chapter 4. Hot-seat the hedgehog Max meets in Chapter 5. Tell the story of 'the first crossing' and hot-seat the lollipop lady at the end! Next, try reading Dick King-Smith's Fox Busters (Puffin).
2	Flat Stanley Jeff Brown (HarperCollins) With the class use 'role on the wall' to collect insights into the family and ask: What are they like and how do we know? Together explore their feelings and list the advantages of being flat. Encourage the children to write the police report for Chapter 2 and the invite from Thomas. As journalists, invite them to interview Stanley and write a news report for Chapter 4. Discuss the teasing in Chapter 5 and how the boys feel. Finally, can they write another adventure for Stanley? Make available the other 'Flat Stanley' books for independent or guided reading.
2	Willa and old Miss Annie Berlie Doherty (Catnip) This is a gentle, deep book of three linked stories that should be savoured and thought about. 1. Read pages 1 and 2: discuss what will happen, who is Joshua and how will they all become friends. Read 5 pages and ask: Who is lost? What is 'Joshua' about in one word? 2. In 'The Bony' discuss the rights and wrongs. Ask: What would you say to Silas and Molly? 3. Discuss pets and friends. Ask: Can wild animals be pets?

Notes and Ideas for Key Texts KS2

Year Group	Notes
3	
3	The Iron Man Ted Hughes (Faber)
	Notice and imitate the opening, using rhetorical questions to draw in the reader. With the class role play the family talking about the picnic or Hogarth telling his parents about what he had seen. Invite them to create a diary for Hogarth and news bulletins for both the Iron Man and space-bat-angeldragon. Discuss which of the two tales is strongest and why? Ask them to draw parallels with other 'taming the monster' stories.
3	Cat Tales: Ice Cat
2	Linda Newberry (Usborne) With the class look at the use of imagery on the first few pages and make a list of other similes for snow. Ask: What else is white? Why does Tom feel funny about Gary's dad in Chapter 1? How can a creature be in the snow? Why does Tom feel bad-tempered with his dad in Chapter 2? Talk about the lump of ice inside of him. Ask: In Chapter 3 what is the Ice Cat searching for? In Chapter 4 how can the cat's touch be inside of Tom and why does he destroy the snowman and blame the Ice Cat? In Chapter 5 explain the Ice Green Cat's role in the story and why the icy hardness melts away. Ask: What is it all about?
3	The Sheep-pig
	Dick King-Smith (Puffin) Remind the children that they have previously read a Dick King-Smith novel, Hodgeheg (Puffin). Not surprisingly, he used to be a farmer. Ask: Are pigs stupid? (See Chapter 2.) Why does Fly look after Babe? At the start of Chapter 3 what are the puppies not telling Babe? Discuss the relationship between Fly and Babe. Ask: What is it about Babe's character that is so endearing? Invite the children to write the police report about the sheep rustling incident and the news report about the sheep-dog trials.
3	The Abominables
	Eva Ibbotson (Scholastic) This is a longer read. To set the scene, begin with some introduction to the Abominable Snowman, the Yeti and the mountains of Tibet. Together predict what might happen from the first sentence. After reading Chapter 2 ask them to write stories to read to the yetis. Ask: How is 'the world outside changing' and why is this an issue? After reading Chapter 3 can they write a newspaper story about the yetis? After reading Chapter 5 discuss whether the plan is a good one. After reading Chapter 13 encourage the class to write a leaflet to persuade people to help the yetis. As a final task, together rename the story! Also, read Journey to the River Sea (Macmillan) and One Dog and his Boy (Marion Lloyd Books).
3	The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe CS Lewis (HarperCollins) After reading, ask the class to write list poems 'through the magic door/ I saw'. Reread and discuss together the reaction of the Professor. Draw the lantern in the snow with the trees and ask them to write a description. In small groups recreate the meal in Mr Tumnus's house and describe it. Discuss together which is the key scene and what it means. Draw a Narnia map and invite children to draw in episodes. Encourage the children to write information reports about some of the magical creatures and design traps for the nasty ones! Together make character charts for each character to compare and contrast. With permission watch the film in lesson. Then use role play to explore conversations between the children about Edmund's behaviour. Explain his actions. Ask: Why is he forgiven? Use this to then write a conversation as it would appear in the narrative text to practise writing dialogue accurately.
3	The Battle of Bubble and Squeak
	Philippa Pearce (Penguin) With the class create role-on-the-wall for Sid, Bill and Alice Sparrow. Ask: How does the writer show their characters? Use diary entries or hot-seating to keep alive the different viewpoints of what is happening in the family. Pause at the end of Chapter 10 asking them to predict how it might end. Discuss the end of the story. Interestingly, the story is based on two gerbils that Philippa Pearce's daughter Sally kept, as she said: "almost all the incidents happened to us: [the gerbils] gnawed holes in the curtains, the cat caught one and we had to take it to the vet. Our gerbil

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3	never fully recovered, but happily the fictional one does."
3	Hansel and Gretel Anthony Browne (Walker Books) Read a version of the original and compare it together with the class. Read the story without showing the pictures to the children, then read with the pictures. Spend time looking at each picture, so the children can notice the visual play and discuss the changes in mood the artist portrays. Encourage them to imagine being in the wood and ask: What would you see, hear, feel, think? Then create list poems from these ideas. Discuss the step-mother/witch and the visual imagery. Ask: Are they just tricks? What should the father have done? Discuss the role of poverty in the story.
4	This selection covers a range of stories that extends to fantasy as well as introducing Anne Fine's wonderful books. I came across <i>Perry Angel's Suitcase</i> by Glenda Millard in Australia. It is a deeply moving book, both s ad, but also full of hope – a lovely book. Read it yourself before reading it with the children to judge whether it is right for your class.
4	Bill's New Frock Anne Fine (Egmont) Read the first sentence and then discuss how might things be different for Bill. With the class list and discuss the various things that happen to Bill as a girl. The book was written in 1989, so together consider if anything has changed since then. Act out the classroom scene in Chapter 2. Discuss the line 'I am a person' in Chapter 7. Encourage the children to write an extra scene for the book.
4	Charlotte's Web EB White (Puffin) It is 63 years on, but it is still a great read, starting with such a startling opening: "Where's Papa going with that axe?" With the class track the different characters, gathering clues about their different natures. Also, chart with a character graph how Wilbur's character develops. Produce a class timeline to show the sequence of events, so the plot can be seen in one glance. Role play conversations between Fern and Avery about different events, revisiting what has happened and discuss the implications of the key events.
4	Why the Whales Came Michael Morpurgo (Egmont) Provide the children with some information about Narwhals as they feature in the story. Also, check out Bryher on the Isles of Scilly, and Rushy Bay – which is a key setting – and research on the internet why families left Samson Island. On the board draw a map of Bryher and together label with events. Ask: How do our views of the Birdman change and why? Issues to discuss in class: fear, bullying, friendship and should whales be hunted.
4	The Firework-Maker's Daughter Phillip Pullman (Random House) As a class invent names for new fireworks and draw designs for amazing explosive fireworks! Encourage children to write a letter from Lachand back to Lila (Chapter 2). Ask: What is the big challenge that Lila faces? Then in groups they can act out the scene where Lila meets Razvani. ask: How does the author show how Lila feels in Chapter 5? 'Illusions': what does this mean in Chapter 5? What sort of person is Lila? Invite them to gather evidence. Provide time to create persuasive adverts for a firework show by Lila and Lachand. Also, read The Scarecrow and his Servant (Random House) by the same author.
4	The Snow Walker's Son Catherine Fisher (Red Fox) From a 'Fire' daughter to a 'Snow' son, this is the first part of a powerful trilogy involving 'magic' written by the Welsh novelist and poet, Catherine Fisher. Track the two main characters, Kari and Jessa, perhaps using a class timeline to show the main events and their developing characters. With the class make notes and discuss at the end the role of heat and cold in the story. Can they predict (or write) what might happen in the next story, The Empty Hand (Red Fox)?

4	Perry Angel's Suitcase
	Glenda Millard (Phoenix Yard Books) Read this book yourself before sharing it with the class. Discuss in lesson how
	everyone feels before Perry arrives and then discuss Perry's behaviour, thinking
	about why he acts as he does. Discuss the suitcase. Pause in Chapter 10 to
	discuss why Perry gets onto the raft. Ask: What advice can be learned from
	Chapter 10? Discuss the viewpoints of those involved at the end of each chapter. The thomas run does and it will help for children to talk about their feelings. There
	The themes run deep and it will help for children to talk about their feelings. There are other books in this series, all equally magical.
4	Tuesday
	David Wiesner (Andersen Press)
	After reading ask the children: What do the frogs remind you of on the leaves?
	(Flying saucers.) Hot-seat the man at 11.21pm. Ask: Why do the frogs fall off the
	leaves? Why is the last frog looking grumpy? Then turn the opening pages into a story. As the detective, encourage the children to interview the man in pyjamas and
	write up a police report. Together role play the news report and make a film of the
	interview and news item. Ask: What happens the next Tuesday at 7.58pm?
5	It was only when I had made my list for Year 5 that I realised how animals
	feature
	heavily – cats, wolves and foxes! These are romping reads as well as stories
	that
	touch deeply. I have listed them in a suggested order that leads towards what I
	would say is the greatest novel ever written for children.
5	The Wolves of Willoughby Chase
	Joan Aiken (Red Fox)
	There are 12 novels in this series (the 'Wolves Chronicles') and 'The Wolves' is the
	first, set in Joan Aiken's own historical world (1832) where wolves have travelled through the Channel Tunnel! Begin by researching some information about wolves.
	There is a good film that can be used to compare with the book (though it has
	a PG certificate so get parental permission). Try reading the book chapter-bychapter
	and watching the film alongside, section-by-section. With the class list
	difficult vocabulary for discussion and create a glossary of historical terms. At the
	end, discuss what should happen to Miss Slighcarp and Mr Grimshaw. Check out Joan Aiken's website where you can download a bookmark for the book. (http://
	www.joanaiken.com/pages/books.html)
5	Varjak Paw
	SF Said (Random House)
	After reading the book, ask children to paint dark city landscapes and skylines. Then tegether draw role on the wall for Variak, collecting clues and quotes about
	Then together draw role-on-the-wall for Varjak, collecting clues and quotes about his developing character. Ask: Why is Varjak rejected and yet why does he return?
	Explain the difference between Varjak, the Elder Paw and the other cats. Can the
	children contrast the inside of the house with outside in the city? Together invent
	a 'Jalal tale' and explain 'the way'. Invite the children to write a night adventure
	for Varjak – for example, a story in which he nearly gets caught by Sally Bones. Encourage them to write a sequel adventure and then read <i>The Outlaw Varjak Paw</i>
	(Random House).
	Similarly, Pie's Zelda Claw works well as a model when reading: Varjak Paw by S. F. Said. So
	the learning journey could be:
	Outcome: Adventure / Quest story
	• Focus: Suspense
	Model text: Zelda Claw
	• Supporting Literature: CLASS BOOK: Varjak Paw (& 2+ others snippets)
	- Supporting Literature. CLASS BOOK. Varjak raw (& 2+ Others shippets)
5	Wolf Brother
	Michelle Paver (Orion)
	Before reading draw a map and during the story, mark where events occur. With the
	class make a list of the words or phrases that Wolf uses instead of human terms
	and give their definitions, such as 'Tall Tailless, Bright White Eye, thundering Wet'.
	Encourage them to try inventing other phrases for everyday things and try writing a scene from the book from Wolf's viewpoint using his language. The story is set
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	6,000 years ago and imagines what life might have been like. Together describe the main settings – the Raven camp, the ice river, the wide water, the cave and the forest. Draw and discuss as a class the significance of the main events – Torak's father's death, meeting Wolf, fighting Hord, discovering the prophecy and defeating the bear. Compare this book to other 'quests' – typical characters, events and plot patterns.
5	Street Child Berlie Doherty (HarperCollins) Based on the true story of an orphan, Jim Jarvis, who inspired Dr Barnardo to set up his famous children's home, this book is ideal as a read for any Victorian project. Background work on Barnardo and the life of street children would set the context. Read 'Tell me your story Jim' and in pairs invent a possible tale for Jim. In role as 'agony aunts' ask children to advise Jim after each chapter on his next moves. Map the story as it unfolds and at the end have them retell Jim's story in role as they now know it. At the end, discuss 'what is a home?', children's rights and how Jim survived.
5	The Midnight Fox Betsy Byars (Faber) Read the first two paragraphs and discuss as a class what the story might be about. Tom says: 'I like the way I am'. Discuss the tension between his father's and Uncle Fred's expectations and Tom's view. Ask the children to invent newspaper titles for key incidents and use these to label a class map of the story. Provide time to write letters to Petie Burkis about the main events. Ask: Why did Uncle Fred and Aunt Millie 'never mention what I had done'? At the end, Tom says 'it was as if it had happened to another boy'. What did happen? How did he change? Then discuss who was right: Uncle Fred or Tom?
5	Tom's Midnight Garden Philippa Pearce (Oxford University Press) This book demands a timeline of events so that the class can see the way in which the plot is constructed and how time shifts. (You can see the house that Philippa Pearce used as a basis for the book online: http://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/article-2644779/ Country-house-inspired-Philippa-Pearces-Toms-Midnight-Garden-goes-market-3-5million.html) Mime moving as a ghost through a door into a different world. When reading Chapter 20 discuss 'time no longer'. Before reading Chapter 26, discuss with the class how the tale will end. Invite them to draw the garden and write an extra episode for Tom and Hatty. Can they write their own midnight trip into another world, such as Pie's Midnight Forest and identify the link with time travel in The Lion, The Witch and the Wardrobe from Year 3?
5	FArTHER Grahame Baker-Smith (Templar) Begin by reading the cover and ask: Why is the title 'FArTHER'? Why the poppies? The birds? The wings? Are dreams important? Explain 'another call claimed him'. Ask: What is the story about? What does it mean to each child? Gather clues as a class about each character and then interview them in turn – mother, father and son. Also, read and explore the wonderful Leon and the Place Between (Templar), as well as picture books by David Wiesner, such as Free Fall, Flotsam, Hurricane, Art and Max, June 29, 1999 and Sector 7 (Houghton Mifflin).
6	
6	Holes Louis Sachar (Bloomsbury) Invite the children to keep a diary for each of the key events – and by contrast, write a letter home from the camp. Together collect information about the main characters and discuss why they behave as they do. Ask: Why did the author give Stanley a palindromic name? Draw two timelines to track the present and past events. In role as journalists, encourage children to carry out interviews and write a news item for the start and end of the book. Ask: Why is the book called 'Holes'? Talk through all the possibilities. Discuss 'the holes in their lives'. Then make a comparison with the film (it has a PG certificate, so you might want to check with parents before showing it).
6	Clockwork Philip Pullman (Random House) Before reading, ask: What does the cover suggest the book will be about? While reading it in class create a story map of the story and show how the main events and characters interconnect. Ask: Which are the good/bad characters? Where is your evidence? Together compare Karl and Gretl using evidence from the text. Ask: In what way is the book like

	'clockwork'? How are our lives like clockwork? In what ways do we 'wind up the future like clockwork'? Re-read the book and pause at the places where there is the most suspense. Ask: How does Philip Pullman create suspense? What techniques does he use? How does he keep the reader 'all wound up'?
6	Skellig David Almond (Hodder) Together in class discuss Mina's views on education. Ask: Who or what is Skellig? What is the book about? Invite them to collect key lines to talk about, such as 'truth and dreams are always getting muddled'. In role as Mina, encourage children to write her diary extracts about what is happening. Perform and talk about 'Tyger' by William Blake. Provide time to write Michael's story for Miss Clarts in Chapter 33. Ask: Why does Michael want to call the baby 'Persephone'? Tell the class to read 'Mina – my story' and write a sequel to Skellig.
6	The Arrival Shaun Tan (Hodder) Before reading this in class you may find it handy to explain immigration, especially the migration to America at the end of the 19th century (Ellis Island). Read carefully and discuss. Study each section at a time. Ask: What is happening? As there are no words, the reader has to work hard! Discuss in class how the story makes you feel – and how the characters seem to feel. (Being in a new country, migrants often feel at a loss in the same way that the reader does.) Discuss the three 'helpers'. Invite the children to write the letters that they send. Ask: What is the story about? Are all the illustrations real or in someone's imagination? Are they symbols for anything? Encourage the class to write story sections to go with different parts of the book or diary entries for characters. Also, read other Shaun Tan books, such as The Lost Thing, The Red Tree and Rules of Summer which makes a good model for writing. Also, check out picture books by Armin Greder, The Island and The City (Allen & Unwin).
6	Voices in the Park Anthony Browne (Random House) Read the book through several times. Ask the children to list 'things to talk about' or 'questions' then discuss. Ask: How do you feel about each character and why? (Is the mother really a bad mother? Where is the dad? Why does she wear a bowler hat? Is it right that the girl makes the dad a cup of tea?) Together place them in order of sympathy. Then discuss relationships. Ask: Which is the most important picture? Why? How long did the story take to read? What is the story about? What is its theme? Discuss the pictures, use of colour, playfulness, lines and the font used. Also, study The Tunnel (Walker Books) by the same author.